

Financial Statements
June 30, 2025 and 2024

Empowering Kids Perham

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Empowering Kids Perham
Perham, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Empowering Kids Perham (Organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities of the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities of the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Eide Bailly LLP

Fargo, North Dakota
December 12, 2025

Empowering Kids Perham
Statements of Financial Position
June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 256,105	\$ 261,292
Accounts receivable, net	106,772	51,280
Prepaid expenses	5,967	8,324
Investments	239,385	584,452
Property and equipment, net	163,971	243,060
Operating lease right of use asset	399,838	427,645
	\$ 1,172,038	\$ 1,576,053
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Accounts payable	\$ 20,547	\$ 23,355
Accrued payroll	61,839	76,041
Refundable advance	7,500	-
Operating lease liability	397,154	424,728
	487,040	524,124
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	684,998	1,051,929
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 1,172,038	\$ 1,576,053

Empowering Kids Perham

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenue, Support, and Gains			
Individual contributions and donations	\$ 79,130	\$ -	\$ 79,130
Corporate contributions	7,120	-	7,120
Grants	77,386	-	77,386
Other	45	-	45
Net investment return	30,453	-	30,453
	<u>194,134</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>194,134</u>
Program service fees	905,682	-	905,682
Less scholarships	(1,225)	-	(1,225)
Net program service fees	<u>904,457</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>904,457</u>
Special event revenue	270	-	270
Less cost of direct benefits to donors	(1,677)	-	(1,677)
Net special events revenue	<u>(1,407)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,407)</u>
Total revenue, support, and gains	<u>1,097,184</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,097,184</u>
Expenses			
Program services	1,116,739	-	1,116,739
Fundraising	37,133	-	37,133
Management and general	310,243	-	310,243
Total expenses	<u>1,464,115</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,464,115</u>
Change in Net Assets	(366,931)	-	(366,931)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	<u>1,051,929</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,051,929</u>
Net Assets, End of Year	<u>\$ 684,998</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 684,998</u>

Empowering Kids Perham

Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenue, Support, and Gains			
Individual contributions and donations	\$ 151,158	\$ -	\$ 151,158
Corporate contributions	6,505	-	6,505
Grants	227,518	-	227,518
In-kind contributions	129	-	129
Net Investment return	62,312	-	62,312
	<u>447,622</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>447,622</u>
Program service fees	1,061,103	-	1,061,103
Less scholarships	(12,450)	-	(12,450)
Net program service fees	<u>1,048,653</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,048,653</u>
Special event revenue	25,473	-	25,473
Less cost of direct benefits to donors	(11,988)	-	(11,988)
Net special events revenue	<u>13,485</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,485</u>
Total revenue, support, and gains	<u>1,509,760</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,509,760</u>
Expenses			
Program services	1,229,062	-	1,229,062
Fundraising	79,436	-	79,436
Management and general	301,944	-	301,944
Total expenses	<u>1,610,442</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,610,442</u>
Change in Net Assets	(100,682)	-	(100,682)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	<u>1,152,611</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,152,611</u>
Net Assets, End of Year	<u>\$ 1,051,929</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,051,929</u>

Empowering Kids Perham
Statement of Functional Expenses
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Program Services	Fundraising	Management and General	Cost of Goods Sold	Total Expenses
Salaries and Wages	\$ 690,092	\$ 25,291	\$ 133,858	\$ -	\$ 849,241
Contract Services	56,836	-	-	-	56,836
Benefits and Payroll Taxes	140,599	6,110	32,339	-	179,048
Office Supplies and Related Expenses	59,288	-	17,627	-	76,915
Insurance	9,100	-	379	-	9,479
Credit loss expense	-	-	97,737	-	97,737
Lease	40,320	-	1,680	-	42,000
Other	27,695	4,685	17,264	-	49,644
Depreciation	83,916	-	3,497	-	87,413
Training	-	-	3,110	-	3,110
Utilities	7,451	-	310	-	7,761
Parent Education	955	-	-	-	955
Dues and Subscriptions	-	-	1,360	-	1,360
Advertising	-	1,047	-	-	1,047
Meals and Entertainment	487	-	1,082	-	1,569
Cost of Direct Benefits to Donors	-	-	-	1,677	1,677
Total expenses by function	<u>1,116,739</u>	<u>37,133</u>	<u>310,243</u>	<u>1,677</u>	<u>1,465,792</u>
Less Expenses Included with Revenues on the statement of activities					
Cost of direct benefits to donors	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,677)</u>	<u>(1,677)</u>
Total expenses included in the expense section of the statement of activities	<u>\$ 1,116,739</u>	<u>\$ 37,133</u>	<u>\$ 310,243</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,464,115</u>

Empowering Kids Perham
Statement of Functional Expenses
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Program Services	Fundraising	Management and General	Cost of Goods Sold	Total Expenses
Salaries and Wages	\$ 802,712	\$ 61,769	\$ 167,482	\$ -	\$ 1,031,963
Benefits and Payroll Taxes	176,368	13,973	37,885	-	228,226
Office Supplies and Related Expenses	65,792	1,316	14,333	-	81,441
Insurance	14,564	-	390	-	14,954
Lease	40,320	-	1,680	-	42,000
Professional Fees	-	-	45,556	-	45,556
Other	18,830	861	24,783	-	44,474
Depreciation	88,207	-	3,675	-	91,882
Training	6,395	-	2,143	-	8,538
Utilities	6,769	-	282	-	7,051
Parent Education	1,444	-	-	-	1,444
Dues and Subscriptions	-	-	3,623	-	3,623
Advertising	1,193	1,517	-	-	2,710
Meals and Entertainment	6,468	-	112	-	6,580
Cost of Direct Benefits to Donors	-	-	-	11,988	11,988
Total expenses by function	1,229,062	79,436	301,944	11,988	1,622,430
Less Expenses Included with Revenues on the statement of activities					
Cost of direct benefits to donors	-	-	-	(11,988)	(11,988)
Total expenses included in the expense section of the statement of activities	\$ 1,229,062	\$ 79,436	\$ 301,944	\$ -	\$ 1,610,442

Empowering Kids Perham
Statements of Cash Flows
Years Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024
Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ (366,931)	\$ (100,682)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash used for operating activities		
Depreciation	87,413	91,882
Realized and unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(30,274)	(62,010)
Provision for credit losses	97,737	10,007
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(153,229)	22,439
Change in operating lease asset and liability, net	233	233
Prepaid expenses	2,357	(8,324)
Accounts payable	(2,808)	13,495
Accrued payroll expenses	(14,202)	(5,715)
Refundable advance	7,500	-
Net Cash used for Operating Activities	(372,204)	(38,675)
Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sale of investments	665,000	358,000
Purchase of investments	(289,659)	(163,106)
Purchase of property and equipment	(8,324)	(33,514)
Net Cash From Investing Activities	367,017	161,380
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(5,187)	122,705
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	261,292	138,587
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 256,105	\$ 261,292

Note 1 - Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Empowering Kids Perham (Organization) is a nonprofit organization incorporated on July 7, 2017. The Organization is located in Perham, Minnesota and offers high quality and affordable programming designed specifically for children with autism or social challenges.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash and highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less, which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes, are considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

Receivables and Credit Policies

Accounts receivable consist primarily of noninterest-bearing amounts due for program services and fundraising events. Accounts receivable are reduced by an allowance for credit losses. In evaluating the collectability of accounts receivable, the Organization analyzes accounts for adverse changes in an individual's or third-party payor's ability to pay that may have occurred subsequent to recognition. Management regularly reviews specific data about receivable balances and its past history with similar cases to estimate the appropriate allowance for credit losses. Additionally, management has determined that the current and reasonable and supportable forecasted economic conditions are consistent with the economic conditions included in the historical information. As a result, the historical loss rates have not been adjusted for differences in current conditions or forecasted changes. Accordingly, the allowance for credit losses at June 30, 2025 and 2024 totaled \$69,918 and \$4,908.

Changes in the allowance for credit losses for receivables are as follows for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	2025	2024
Allowance for credit losses, beginning of year	\$ 4,908	\$ 3,848
Provision for credit losses	97,737	10,007
Charge-offs	(32,727)	(8,947)
	\$ 69,918	\$ 4,908

The Organization's accounts receivable balance as of July 1, 2023 was \$83,726.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment additions over \$1,000 are recorded at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to thirty years, or in the case of capitalized leased assets or leasehold improvements, the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in the statements of activities. Costs of maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are expensed currently.

The carrying values of property and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. When considered impaired, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds the fair value of the asset. There were no indicators of asset impairment as of June 30, 2025 and 2024.

Right of Use Assets and Lease Liabilities

Right-of-use leased assets are recognized at the lease commencement date and represent the Organization's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term. Right-of-use leased assets are measured at the initial value of the lease liability plus any payments made to the lessor before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, plus any initial direct costs necessary to place the lease asset into service. Right-of-use leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method.

Investments

The Organization records investment purchases at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Thereafter, investments are reported at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Net investment return is reported in the statements of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. Some donor imposed (or grantor) restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. The Organization reports contributions restricted by donors as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Revenue and Revenue Recognition

The Organization recognizes contributions when cash, securities or other assets; an unconditional promise to give; or a notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promise to give – that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return – are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been met.

A portion of the Organization’s revenue is from cost-reimbursement contracts and grants, which are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when the Organization has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as refundable advances in the statement of financial position.

Program service revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Organization expects to be entitled in exchange for providing care. These amounts are due from individuals, third-party payors, and others. Generally, the Organization bills the individuals and third-party payors after the services are performed. Scholarships provided to students are recorded as a reduction to program service fees in the statements of activities.

The Organization determines the transaction price based on standard charges for goods and services provided, reduced by contractual adjustments provided to third-party payors and discounts provided to uninsured individuals in accordance with the Organization’s policy, if applicable. The Organization determines its estimates of implicit price concessions based on contractual agreements, its discount policies and historical experience.

The nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by several factors that the Organization considers in its recognition of revenue. Following are some of the factors considered:

- Payors (for example, Medicaid or other insurance) have different reimbursement/payment methodologies
- Type of service provided
- Organization’s line of businesses that provided the service

For the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Organization recognized revenue of \$905,682 and \$1,061,103 related to services provided at a point in time.

Donated Services and In-Kind Contributions

In-kind contributions include donated professional services, donated equipment, and other in-kind contributions which are recorded at the respective fair values of the goods or services received (Note 5). The Organization does not sell donated gifts-in-kind. In addition to in-kind contributions, volunteers contribute significant amounts of time to program services, administration, and fundraising and development activities; however, the financial statements do not reflect the value of these contributed services because they do not meet recognition criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. Contributed goods are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. Donated professional services are recorded at the respective fair values of the services received (Note 5).

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include salaries and benefits and payroll taxes which are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort. Other expenses, such as utilities, lease expense, liability insurance, property taxes, and depreciation are allocated based on square footage. All other costs are allocated on a units-of-service basis.

Financial Instruments and Credit Risk

Deposit concentration risk is managed by placing cash, money market accounts and investments with financial institutions believed to be creditworthy. At times, amounts on deposit may exceed insured limits or include uninsured investments in money market mutual funds. To date, the Organization has not experienced losses in any of these accounts. Although the fair values of investments are subject to fluctuation on a year-to-year basis, management believes that the investments policies and guidelines are prudent for the long-term welfare of the Organization.

The Organization maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which exceed federally insured limits. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per depositor, per insured bank, for each account ownership category. At June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Organization did not have any cash and cash equivalents in excess of FDIC-insured limits.

Income Taxes

The Organization is organized as a Minnesota nonprofit corporation and has been recognized by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c) (3). The Organization is annually required to file a Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS. In addition, the Organization is subject to income tax on net income that is derived from business activities that are unrelated to its exempt purpose. The Organization has determined it is not subject to unrelated business income tax and has not filed an Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return (Form 990-T) with the IRS.

The Organization believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions taken affecting its annual filing requirements, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements. The Organization would recognize future accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits and liabilities in income tax expense if such interest and penalties are incurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and those differences could be material.

Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through December 12, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditures, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date, comprise the following:

	2025	2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 256,105	\$ 261,292
Receivables	106,772	51,280
Investments	239,385	584,452
	<u>\$ 602,262</u>	<u>\$ 897,024</u>

As part of a liquidity management plan, cash in excess of daily requirements is invested in money market funds and other investments.

Note 3 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 consists of the following:

	2025	2024
Equipment	\$ 205,873	\$ 205,873
Vehicles	38,675	38,675
Furniture and fixtures	239,036	230,712
Leasehold improvements	5,000	5,000
	488,584	480,260
Less: accumulated depreciation	(324,613)	(237,200)
	\$ 163,971	\$ 243,060

Note 4 - Operating Lease

The Organization leases an office space. The lease is for 15 years under a long-term, non-cancelable operating lease agreement. The lease expires on December 31, 2036 and provides for a renewal option of 5 years. The Organization did not include the renewal option in the determination of the right-of-use asset and lease liability, as the renewal option is not reasonably certain to be exercised.

The weighted-average discount rate is based on the discount rate implicit in the lease. If the implicit rate is not readily determinable from the lease, the Organization estimates an applicable incremental borrowing rate. The incremental borrowing rate is estimated using the Organization's applicable borrowing rates and the contractual lease term.

The Organization has elected the short-term lease exemption for all leases with a term of 12 months or less for both existing and ongoing operating leases to not recognize the asset and liability for these leases. Lease payments for short-term leases are recognized on straight-line basis.

The Organization elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for the lease.

Total lease costs for the year ended June 30, 2025 were as follows:

	2025	2024
Operating lease cost	\$ 42,000	\$ 42,000

The following table summarizes the supplemental cash flow information for the year ended June 30, 2025:

	2025	2024
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of the lease liability		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 42,000	\$ 42,000

The following summarizes the weighted-average remaining lease term and weight-average discount rate:

	2025	2024
Weighted-Average Remaining Lease Term:		
Operating lease	11.5 years	12.5 years
Weighted-Average Discount Rate:		
Operating lease	3.50%	3.50%

The future minimum lease payments under the noncancelable operating lease with terms greater than one year is listed below as of June 30, 2025.

	Amount
2026	\$ 42,233
2027	42,233
2028	42,233
2029	42,233
2030	42,233
Thereafter	274,517
Total lease payments	485,682
Less interest	(88,528)
Present value of lease liability	\$ 397,154

Note 5 - Donation Professional Services and Expenses

Donated professional services to the Organization during the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

Non-Financial Contributions Category	Type of Contributions for Beneficiaries	Valuation	Monetized or Utilized	2025	2024
Donated Property	Discounted Food	Prices of identical or similar services	Utilized	\$ -	\$ 129
				<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 129</u>

Note 6 - Investments and Fair Value Measurements

Certain assets are reported at fair value in the financial statements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction in the principal, or most advantageous, market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inputs used to determine fair value refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity’s own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset based on the best information available.

A three-tier hierarchy categorizes the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets that the Organization can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset, and market-corroborated inputs.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset. In these situations, the Organization develops inputs using the best information available in the circumstances.

In some cases, the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those cases, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to entire measurement requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability. The categorization of an asset within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the asset and does not necessarily correspond to the Organization's assessment of the quality, risk, or liquidity profile of the asset or liability.

The Organization's investment assets are classified within Level 1 because they are comprised of exchange traded funds, equity funds, and mutual funds with readily determinable fair values based on daily redemption values.

The following table presents assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2025:

	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Exchange traded funds	\$ 8,523	\$ 8,523	\$ -	\$ -
Mutual funds	230,862	230,862	-	-
	<u>\$ 239,385</u>	<u>\$ 239,385</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, at cost	<u>\$ 126,021</u>			
Total investments	<u>\$ 365,406</u>			

The following tables presents assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2024:

	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Exchange traded funds	\$ 25,085	\$ 25,085	\$ -	\$ -
Equity funds	82,247	82,247	-	-
Mutual funds	477,120	477,120	-	-
	<u>\$ 584,452</u>	<u>\$ 584,452</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, at cost	<u>\$ 67,031</u>			
Total investments	<u>\$ 651,483</u>			

Note 7 - Concentration of Credit Risk

The Organization grants credit without collateral to its clients, most of whom are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from their party payors and clients at June 30, 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

	2025	2024
Blue Cross Blue Shield	26%	2%
Self Pay	14%	5%
Commercial and Other	13%	63%
Medicaid	47%	30%
	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>

Note 8 - Contingencies

Malpractice Insurance

The Organization has malpractice insurance coverage to provide protection for professional liability losses on an occurrence basis subject to a limit of \$1 million per claim and an annual aggregate limit of \$3 million.

Litigations, Claims, and Other Disputes

The Organization is subject to the usual contingencies in the normal course of operations relating to the performance of its tasks under its various programs. In the opinion of management, the ultimate settlement of any litigation, claims, and disputes in process will not be material to the financial position, operations, or cash flows of the Organization.

The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. Compliance with these laws and regulations, specifically those relating to the Medicare and Medicaid programs, can be subject to government review and interpretation, as well as regulatory actions unknown and unasserted at this time. Federal government activity with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations by health care providers of regulations, could result in the imposition of significant fines and penalties.

Note 9 - Related Party Transactions

During the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, individual contributions to support the Organization totaling \$19,728 and \$108,631, respectively, came from members of the Board of Directors.